AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A spectrally selective optical switch, comprising a first and a second optical waveguide each having a light guiding structure arranged to guide light along a predetermined path, the optical waveguides being arranged adjacent and

parallel to each other;

an external resonator defined by a first and a second mirror, said first and said second

mirror being provided on opposite sides and outside of said first and second light guiding

structures, and said external resonator being resonant to a specific wavelength; and

a deflector provided in each of said first and second optical waveguide, the deflectors

being arranged to deflect light propagating in one of the light guiding structures to the other light

guiding structure by operation of said external resonator,

wherein the deflector in at least one of said first and second optical waveguides

comprises:

a first tilted deflector arranged in said at least one of said first and second optical

waveguides, and

a second tilted deflector arranged in said at least one of said first and second

optical waveguides,

wherein said first tilted deflector and said second tilted deflector are superimposed upon

each other, and arranged to deflect light out from said at least one of said first and second optical

waveguides into two individual beams, and

wherein each of said first tilted deflector and said second tilted deflector comprises a

blazed Bragg grating.

2

Application No.: 10/520,478 Docket No.: 0104-0500PUS1

Amendment dated June 25, 2008

Reply to Office Action dated March 25, 2008

2-3. (Cancelled)

4. (Previously Presented) The optical switch according to claim 1, wherein either

one of the first and the second mirror is a dielectric multi-layer mirror.

5. (Previously Presented) The optical switch according to claim 1, wherein the

wavelength to which the external resonator is resonant is adjustable, the spectrally selective

optical switch thereby being tunable.

6. (Previously Presented) The optical switch according to claim 1, wherein the

optical waveguide is an optical fiber and the light guiding structure is a core in said optical fiber.

7. (Previously Presented) The optical switch according to claim 1, wherein the first

and second waveguides are implemented in the form of a dual-core fiber.

8. (Previously Presented) A matrix switch device, which uses N input fibers to N

output fibers, where the input fibers are crossed with respect to the output fibers and where the N

input fibers are linked to the N output fibers in N*N nodes, wherein said linking is at least partly

accomplished with an optical switch according to claim 1.

3

Application No.: 10/520,478 Docket No.: 0104-0500PUS1

Amendment dated June 25, 2008

Reply to Office Action dated March 25, 2008

9. (Original) An arrangement comprising two optical switches as defined in claim 1,

wherein the first optical waveguides of the switches are connected to each other by means of a

first interconnecting waveguide and the second optical waveguides of the switched are connected

to each other by means of a second interconnecting waveguide, and wherein each of said

switches is arranged to couple 50 percent of available light power from the first optical

waveguide to the second optical waveguide, the arrangement further comprising means for

altering the optical path length of at least one of the first and the second interconnecting

waveguides such that constructive or destructive interference can be obtained in the second

optical waveguide of the second switch by altering said optical path length.

10. (New) The optical switch according to claim 1, wherein said first tilted deflector and

said second tilted deflector are oriented at a right angle with respect to each other.

4